

# TURISTIČKA I UGOSTITELJSKA ŠKOLA DUBROVNIK

Stručna edukacija za članove autotaxi prijevoza

## ENGLJSKI JEZIK

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## IZRAZI UČTIVOSTI

## POLITE PHRASES

<b>MOLBE</b> Molim vas, dajte (recite, pokažite) mi. Dopustite! Oprostite! Hoćete li, molim... Smijem li ovo uzeti (pogledati)? Molim vas, možete li mi posuditi...?	Please, give (tell show) me. Excuse me! Would you, please... May I take (see) this? Please, could you lend me...?
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<b>ZAHVALE</b> Hvala. Hvala lijepa. Nema na čemu. Vrlo sam vam zahvalan. Učinili ste mi veliku uslugu. Vrlo ste ljubazni	Thank you. Thank you very much. Don't mention it! Not at all! I'm very much obligated to you You've done me a great favour. It's very kind of you.
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<b>ISPRIKE</b> Oprostite ! Pardon! Molim, ništa zato! Ne ljutite se na mene. Nadam se da ćete mi oprostiti. Ne brinite zato.	I'm sorry! I beg your pardon! Never mind! It doesn't matter! Don't be angry with me! I hope you will forgive me! Don't worry about that!
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## OSLOVLJAVANJE

Gospodine (s prezimenom) Gospođa (s prezimenom) Gospođica (s prezimenom) Gospodin (bez prezimena) Gospođa (-đica) (bez prezimena) U pismu Poštovani gospodine! Postovana gospođo!	Mr. Brown Mrs. Brown Miss Brown Sir Madam  Dear Sir! Dear Madam!
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## POZDRAVI

Dobro jutro! (do 12h) Dobar dan! (od 12h) Dobra večer! Laku noć! Bog! Živio! Do viđenja! Zbogom! Do skorog viđenja! Sretno! Sretan put!	Good morning! Good afternoon! Good evening! Good night! Hello! Cheerio! So long! Good-bye! See you later! Good luck! A pleasant journey!
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## ČESTITKE

Sretan Božić! Sretna Nova godina! Sretan praznik! Sretan rođendan! Hvala, i vama također. Na zdravlje! Živjeli! Srdačno čestitam.	A merry Christmas! A happy New Year! Many happy returns of the day! Thank you, the same to you! Here's to you! Cheers! My hearty congratulations.
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## RAZGOVORI

Govorite li... -engleski, njemački, francuski? Da, govorim malo engleski. Razumijete li što ja kažem? Žao mi je, ne razumijem sasvim. Molim vas, ponovite mi to polako. Molim vas, govorite polako i jasno. Kako se izgovara ova riječ? Što znači ta riječ?	Do you speak... -English, German, French? Yes, I speak a little English. Do you understand what I say? I'm sorry I don't quite understand. Please, repeat it slowly for me. Please, speak slowly and distinctly. How do you pronounce this word? What does that word mean?
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## U DRUŠTVU

<b>PREDSTAVLJANJE</b> Dopustite... -da se predstavim. -da vam predstavim svog prijatelja. Radujem se što vas upoznao. Molim vas da me predstavite... Mislim da smo se već negdje sreli.	Allow me... -to introduce myself. -to introduce my friend to you. I'm very pleased to meet you. Will you, please, introduce me to... I think we've already met somewhere.
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## GODINE

Koliko vam je godina? Koliko vi mislite da imam godina? Rekao bih da imate tridesetak. Imam 35 godina. Izgledate mlađi. Kada ste rođeni? Rođen (rođena) sam 6. srpnja. Jeste li oženjeni? Da (Ne), ja sam... -oženjen (udata). Neženja (neudata). Udovac (udovica). Rastavljen (rastavljena). Djevojčica, dječak, djevojka, mladić.	How old are you? How old do you think I am? I would say you were about thirty. I'm thirty-five years old. You look younger. When were you born? I was born on the six of July. Are you married? Yes, (no), I am... -married. -unmarried. - a widower (widow) -a divorcee Girl, boy, young lady, young man.
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## OSOBINE

Malen-velik Slab-jak Lagan-težak Kratak-dugačak Uzak-širok Nizak-visok Tanak-debeo Lijep-ružan	Small-big Weak-strong Light-heavily Short-long Narrow-broad Low-high Thin-thick Beautiful-ugly
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## OPĆI IZRAZI

<b>PITANJA I ODGOVORI</b> Kada -prije -poslije	When -before -after
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-sada Kako -brzo -polako Koliko -mnogo -malo -dosta -ništa Zašto -zato Što je to?	-now How -fast -slow How much / How many -much / a lot -little -enough -nothing Why -therefore What is that?
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### PRIHVACANJE

Da. Svakako. Dabome. Naravno. U redu! Da, slažem se s vama. Spremam sam prihvatit vašu ponudu.	Yes. Certainly. Indeed. Of course. All right. O.K. Yes, I quite agree with you. I'm ready to accept your offer.
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### ODBIJANJE

To je nemoguće. Vrlo mi je žao. Nikako. Nipošto. Ne mogu to učiniti. Ne mislim tako. Kakva šteta! Ne mogu to učiniti što tražite.	It's impossible. I'm very sorry. Not at all. I'm not able to do it. I don't think so. What a pity. I can't what you ask.
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### PODJELA VREMENA

DANI Ponedjeljak Utorak Srijeda Četvrtak Petak Subota Nedjelja MJESECI Siječanj Veljača Ožujak Travanj Svibanj Lipanj Srpanj Kolovoz Rujan Listopad Studeni Prosinac	DAYS Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday MONTHS January February March April May June July August September October November December
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## BLAGDANI

Nova godina	New Year's Day
Veliki petak	Good Friday
Uskrs	Easter
Spasovo	Ascension Day
Duhovi	Whitsuntide
Tijelovo	Corpus Christi Day
Svi sveti	All Saints' Day
Božić	Christmas

## VREMENSKI IZRAZI

Dan	Day
Radni dan	Working day
Blagdan	Holiday
Tjedan	Week
Mjesec	Month
Godina	Year
Danas	Today
Jučer	Yesterday
Sutra	Tomorrow
Dnevno	Daily
Jutro	Morning
Jutros	This morning
Podne	Noon
Popodne	Afternoon
Večer	Evening
Noć	Night
Ponoć	Midnight
Večeras	Tonight
Kasno	Late
Rano	Early
uvijek	Always

## KOLIKO JE SATI

Koliko je sati?	What time is it?
Točno je pet sati.	It's exactly five o'clock.
Pet i deset.	It's ten past five.
Pet i četvrt.	It's a quarter past five.
Pet i pol.	It's half past five.
Četvrt do pet.	It's a quarter to six.
Deset do šest.	It's ten to six.
U koliko sati?	At what time?
Točno u šest.	At six o'clock sharp.
U šest po podne.	At six p.m.
Od pet do šest.	From five to six.
Između pet i šest.	Between five and six.
<p>Vrijeme između punih sati kazuje se 1.do 30.minuta pomoću <u>past</u> (iza, poslije), a od 31.do 59.pomoću <u>to</u> (do). Englezi nisu uveli podjelu dana na 24 sata, nego označuju sate do podne (latinskom)kraticom <u>a.m.</u> (ej em), a po podne <u>p.m.</u> (pi em). Npr.umjesto 17,52 reći će:five fifty-two p.m.</p>	

## VREMENSKE PRILIKE

Kakvo je vrijeme? Vrijeme je lijepo. Vrijeme je loše. Pada kiša (snijeg). Magla (oblačno) je. Puše vjetar. Grmi. Sijeva. Mrzne (topi)se. Sunce sija. Mjesečina je. Hladno (toplo) je. Deset stupnjeva iznad (ispod ) nule. Prognoza vremena.	What's the weather like? The weather is fine. The weather is bad. It's raining (snowing). It's foggy (cloudy). It's windy. It's thundering. It's lightening. It's freezing (thawing). The sun is shining. The moon is shining. It's cold (warm). Ten degrees above (below) zero. The weather forecast.
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## NUMBERS - BROJEVI

### Cardinal Numbers (glavni brojevi)

1 - one	14 - fourteen	60 - sixty
2 - two	15 - fifteen	70 - seventy
3 - three	16 - sixteen	80 - eighty
4 - four	17 - seventeen	90 - ninety
5 - five	18 - eighteen	100 - a hundred
6 - six	19 - nineteen	101 - one hundred and one
7 - seven	20 - twenty	200 - two hundred
8 - eight	21 - twenty-one	300 - three hundred
9 - nine	22 - twenty-two	1000 - one thousand
10 - ten	23 - twenty-three	1,000,000 - one million
11 - eleven	30 - thirty	10,000,000 - ten million
12 - twelve	40 - forty	
13 - thirteen	50 - fifty	

### Ordinal Numbers (redni brojevi )

1st - first	13th - thirteenth	40th - fortieth
2nd - second	14th - fourteenth	50th - fiftieth
3rd - third	15th - fifteenth	60th - sixtieth
4th - four	16th - sixteenth	70th - seventieth
5th - fifth	17th - seventeenth	80th - eightieth
6th - sixth	18th - eighteenth	90th - ninetieth
7th - seventh	19th - nineteenth	100th - hundredth
8th - eighth	20th - twentieth	101th - hundred and first
9th - ninth	21th - twenty-first	200th - two hundredth
10th - tenth	22th - twenty-second	300th - three hundredth
11th - eleventh	23rd - twenty-third	1,000th - thousandth
12th - twelfth	30th - thirtieth	1,000,000th - ten millionth
1/2 - a half	2/3 - two thirds	
1/3 - a third	1/4 - a quarter	

## CUSTOMER CARE

### CULTURAL DIFFERENCES IN GREETINGS

The ways of greeting:

handshake (rukovanje), bow (naklon), embrace / hug (zagrljaj), kiss (poljubac), „high-five“ (petica), backslap / tapping on the shoulder (tapšanje)

### WELCOMING GUESTS

- Smile when you greet the customer
- Listen to what the customer is saying
- Make eye contact, but don't stare
- Make sure you look interested
- Don't interrupt the customer
- Keep a reasonable distance from the customer, not too close and not too far
- Always thank the customer when appropriate

You are meeting a visitor to your country at the airport.

Apart from „welcome“ you can talk about the following topics:

- Comfortable flight?
- Visited this country before?
- Hungry or thirsty?
- The weather where they came from
- A brief history of your city
- What's going to happen in the next hour or so
- People and places in the visitor's country that you know

e.g.

Welcome to Atlanta. How was your flight? – Dobrodošli u Atlantu. Kakav je bio vaš let?

## GIVING INFORMATION

### Giving directions indoors

e.g. Direct guests around the hotel

#### Expressions to learn:

Take the lift to the first floor.

Turn left/right.

Walk along the corridor.

It's on the left/ right.

Go across/ past/through the lobby.

It's at the end of/ the top of/ the bottom of the corridor.

It's on the ground/first/top floor.

Go past the stairs...

Uzmite lift do prvog kata.

Skrenite desno / lijevo.

Idite /hodajte duž hodnika.

To je s lijeve/ desne strane.

Pređite preko/pokraj/kroz predvorje.

To je na kraju/na vrhu/na dnu hodnika.

To je u prizemlju/na prvom/zapnjem katu.

Prođite pokraj stepenica....

## Giving directions outside

e.g. How do I get to the museum?

### Expressions to learn:

It's quite near here.

Turn right / left outside the hotel.

Walk towards the square.

It's on the other side of the square.

Keep straight on down the street.

You can't miss it.

To je poprilično blizu.

Skrenite desno/lijevo kada izidete iz hotela.

Idite(hodajte) prema trgu.

To je na drugoj strani trga.

Idite samo ravno niz ulicu.

Ne možete promašiti.

### Prepositions of location and direction:

into	u	inside	unutar
out of	iz	outside	van
along	duž	under	ispod
past	pokraj, uz	over	preko
through	kroz	off	dalje od
at the end of	na kraju	on	na
in front of	ispred	towards	prema
next to	do	at	na, kod
at the bottom of	na dnu	straight on	ravno naprijed
at the top of	na vrhu	across	preko
		up	gore
		down	dolje

### Prepositions with means of transport:

BY bus/car/tram/train/plane/boat

autobusom/autom/tramvajem/vlakom/avionom/brodom

ON foot

pješke

### Giving directions and prepositions of movement

When giving directions, we usually use the imperative form of the verb, e.g. **Go... Take... Turn... Walk!**

e.g. If you take the first road on the left, you'll see the market on the right!

*Go / Head / Walk past the station, then turn left.* - Idite, krenite, hodajte do stanice i onda skrenite lijevo.

*Go / Head / Walk along this street for about five minutes.* - Idite, krenite, hodajte duž ove ulice oko 5 minuta.

*Go down this road.* – Idite niz ovu ulicu.

*Head up the High Street until you reach the bank.* – Idite prema gore High ulicom dok ne dođete do banke.

*Turn right at the Tourist Information Centre.* – Skrenite desno kod TICa

*Walk towards the church but turn left before you reach it.* – Hodajte (idite pješice) prema crkvi, ali skrenite lijevo prije nego što dođete do nje.

### Useful vocabulary:

go along, walk towards, come out of, get to, walk on through, turn right at, reach (doći do), take, go past

## Offering help and advice

e.g. One of the guests has fallen over

Give advice: We should call an ambulance.  
Don't move him.  
Are you in pain?  
How are you feeling now?  
You should see a doctor.  
Cover her in warm blanket.  
Fill out an accident report form.

Trebali bismo pozvati hitnu.  
Nemoj ga pomicati.  
Boli li vas?  
Kako se sada osjećate?  
Trebali biste vidjeti liječnika.  
Pokrijte je toplom dekom.  
Popunite formular/izvješće o nezgodi.

## AT THE MECHANIC'S

My car has broken down.  
Could you tow my car?  
Can you repair it?  
When will it be ready?  
Please, do it as soon as possible.  
This doesn't work properly....

- at high speed
- at low speed
- when the engine is hot

There's something wrong with...

- the petrol feed
- the brakes
- the steering wheel

My engine..... knocks.

- overheats
- neće upaliti

The fuse has burnt out.  
The sparking plugs are oiled up.  
Will you, please, ....

- charge the battery
- change the tyre
- adjust the brakes
- adjust the valves

Do you have any spare parts?

## ROAD (TRAFFIC) SIGNS

Caution!  
Obstacles  
Road works sign  
Dangerous curve  
Crossroads  
Intersection  
Roundabout/ Rotary

## KOD MEHANIČARA / U SERVISU

Pokvarilo mi se auto.  
Možete li odvući moje auto?  
Možete li ga popraviti?  
Kada će biti gotovo?  
Molim vas, učinite to što prije.  
Ovo ne radi ispravno ...

- pri velikoj brzini
- pri maloj brzini
- pri vrućem motoru

Nešto nije u redu....

- s dovodom benzina
- s kočnicama
- s volanom

Moj motor ....lupa.

- se pregrijava
- won't start

Osigurač je pregorio.  
Svjećice su zaušnjene.  
Hoćete li, molim vas,...

- napuniti akumulator
- promijeniti gumu
- podesiti kočnice
- podesiti ventile

Imate li rezervnih dijelova?

## PROMETNI ZNAKOVI

Opres!  
Prepreke  
Radovi na cesti  
Opasan zavoj  
Raskrižje  
Sjecište  
Kružni tok

Lane  
Traffic lights  
Pedestrian crossing  
Slippery pavement  
No passing sign  
Priority signs  
Road narrows  
No parking  
No stopping  
Speed limit

Other:

Gear change  
Reverse gear

Luggage rack  
First-aid kit  
Car crane

...

Kolnička traka  
Semafor  
Pješački prelaz  
Klizav pod/kolnik  
Zagrana prolaska  
Znakovi prednosti  
Suženje ceste  
Zabrana parkiranja  
Zabrana zaustavljanja  
Ograničenje brzine

Promjena brzina  
Rikverc

Nosač prtljage  
Pribor prve pomoći  
Dizalica za auto

## **WELCOME TO DUBROVNIK, CROATIA**

### **Croatia in brief**

Official name : the Republic of Croatia

Capital: Zagreb

Official language: Croatian

Currency: kuna (100 lipa)

Population: 4.437.460

Religion: mostly Catholic

Travelling through Croatia, Dalmatia or Dubrovnik Region offers immense and rich experiences to every visitor. From the coastal to the continental parts, Croatia's rich cultural heritage, combined with its magnificent natural beauties, make it the perfect place to spend your holiday.

The uniqueness of Croatia lies in its diversity. Situated between the Alps and the Adriatic sea, Croatia provides the opportunity to ski in the winter and swim during the summer months, all within driving distance.

There are 8 national parks, four in the mountainous regions (Plitvička jezera, Risnjak, Paklenica, Sjeverni Velebit), and four in the coastal regions (Kornati, Brijuni, Krka and Mljet).

## The Adriatic Coast

The Adriatic Coast is a region of exceptional scenic beauty, with a delightful sunny climate; it offers a lot of possibilities for sunbathing and sightseeing.

A special attraction of the Adriatic is its proverbial thousand islands (1.185). Smaller ones are uninhabited, but larger ones, such as Krk, Rab and Lošinj in the north, and Brač, Hvar and Korčula further south, are popular tourist centres.

Because of the large number of sunny days, the Adriatic attracts holidaymakers at all times of the year.

The best known historical landmarks along the coast are the Roman amphitheatre in Pula, the Early Christian basilica of Euphrasius in Poreč, the old town centres of Zadar, Trogir, Korčula, Dubrovnik as well as Diocletian Palace in Split.

The southern Adriatic Coast, where we are now, has very few islands, but plenty of beaches (rocky / pebbly / sandy), a crystal clear sea and an exceptionally pleasant Mediterranean climate.

## Dubrovnik

**Dubrovnik** is a Croatian city on the Adriatic Sea coast in the extreme south of Dalmatia. It is one of the most prominent tourist destinations on the Adriatic, a seaport and the centre of Dubrovnik-Neretva county. Its population was 43,770 in 2001.

In 1979, the city of Dubrovnik joined the UNESCO list of World Heritage Sites.

Dubrovnik was founded in the first half of the 7th century by a group of refugees from Epidaurum (today's Cavtat). They established their settlement at the island and named it Laus. Opposite of that location, at the foot of Srđ Mountain, Slavs developed their own settlement under the name of Dubrovnik (named by "Dub" - type of wood). The settlements were separated by a channel which was filled in 12th century, the present Placa or Stradun, and since then the two settlements have been united. At that time the city walls started to be built as a protection from different enemies, who wanted to conquer Dubrovnik. The prosperity of the city of Dubrovnik has always been based on maritime trade. In the Middle Ages, as the Republic of Ragusa, also known as the fifth Maritime Republic it became the only eastern Adriatic city-state to rival Venice. Supported by its wealth and skilled diplomacy, the city achieved a remarkable level of development, particularly during the 15th and 16th centuries.

## The Best in Dubrovnik

Walking along old narrow streets, visiting numerous places of historical and cultural interest, tourists may feel the spirit of the old and new times, living side by side.

### The Old City walls and the fortresses

The sightseeing of Dubrovnik is not complete if you do not visit the city walls 1,940 metres long. The construction of the walls lasted for centuries (from the 12<sup>th</sup> to the 17<sup>th</sup>). The city walls are in some places up to 25 metres high. Minčeta Tower, Fort Bokar and Fort St.John make part of the city walls, while Lovrijenac and Revelin stand separately.

### Palace Sponza

Sponza Palace was built in a mixture of late Gothic and Renaissance styles. In its rich history, the Sponza palace used to be a custom house, a mint for money, state treasury, but it was also used as a meeting place for learned men in the hall of the Academy. Today the palace houses the State Archive of Dubrovnik and Memorial-room of the Homeland war in 1991.

### **Rector's Palace**

Rector's Palace was also built in a mixture of late Gothic and Renaissance styles. The Rector's Palace was the seat of the "Small Council", the Dubrovnik administration. There were halls reserved for official receptions and audiences. In the atrium of the Rector's palace there is a stone pedestal with a bronze bust of the famous mariner Miho Pracat who left his enormous fortune to the Republic.

Rector's Palace has got a multipurpose town functions today. Concerts, especially during the Summer Festival, are held in its atrium. There is a permanent rich museum exhibition on the first floor that is visited by more than 700.000 visitors every year.

### **Dubrovnik cathedral**

The existing Baroque cathedral was constructed on the foundations of a Romanesque church which was demolished by the catastrophic earthquake in 1667, while this one was constructed on an even earlier Byzantine church. The cathedral is furnished with valuable paintings of old masters. The rich cathedral's reliquary contains the relics of saints which are brought out once a year during the time of the ceremonious procession on St. Blaise's day.

### **St. Blaise's Church**

St. Blaise is the patron saint of Dubrovnik. The thousand-year worshipping of the saints cult is witnessed by his statues built in above every city gate, on all fortresses and in many places in the city walls. St. Blaise keeps Dubrovnik safe from all evil and hardship. On the 3<sup>rd</sup> of February every year, the town celebrates the festivity of Sveti Vlaho (Saint Blaise), who is the city's patron saint.

### **Orlando's column**

Between Sponza Palace and St. Blaise's Church there is a stone column with the medieval armed knight Orlando - the symbol of freedom and independence of the Dubrovnik Republic. This was once the place where all important decisions of the state authorities were proclaimed. Today it serves as the place where the opening ceremonies of the traditional Festivity of St. Blaise and the Dubrovnik Summer Festival take place.

### **Stradun**

Placa or Stradun is the main street. It is 292 metres long. Parallel to the Placa are two streets of nearly the same length, the Street Prijeko and Street od puča (of the people). Stradun is known as the most popular meeting place of both Dubrovnik citizens and tourists.

### **Both the Franciscan and the Dominican Monasteries**

Belong to the precious cultural, artistic and historical heritage of the Dubrovnik Republic.

In the museum located in the cloister of the Franciscan monastery there is the inventory of one of the oldest pharmacies in Europe established in 1317. The Dominican Monastery possesses a very rich art collection.

### **Island of Lokrum**

The island of Lokrum lies just off the entrance to Dubrovnik's old harbor. Lokrum is one of the most attractive excursion spots. In the middle of the exotic park there is a Benedictine Monastery from the 12th century. The Fort Royal, today's belvedere, was built on the top of the island during the French occupation. A special attraction of Lokrum is its small salt lake called the "dead sea" which is a children's favourite bathing-place. Today Lokrum is a protected natural park.

### **Dubrovnik Summer Festival**

The annual Dubrovnik Summer Festival is a 45 day-long cultural event with live plays, concerts, and exhibitions. The flying the "Libertas" flag on the Orlando's column marks the official opening of the Dubrovnik Summer Festival every year. Many famous artists from all over the world participate in this event.

## Museums and galleries

There are several museums and small art galleries in the old town.

The Rector's Palace Historical Museum  
Ethnographic Museum Rupe  
Maritime Museum  
The Home of Marin Držić  
Dubrovnik in Homeland War  
Museums of the Franciscan and Dominican Monasteries  
Treasury of the Cathedral  
Museum of the Orthodox Church  
The Synagoge  
Dubrovnik State Archives

## Excursion offers

### Cable car – Srđ

Cable car takes you in four minutes on top of the mount Srđ (405 metres above the sea level) from where you can enjoy a magnificent panoramic view of Dubrovnik and its surroundings.

### Lokrum

Lokrum is one of the most attractive excursion spots and it is only a 10 minute crossing by boat from the old city harbour. It is appealing to both the young and the old because there's something for everyone's taste – sunbathing, diving, walking, exploring and enjoying gastronomic offer in the restaurant.

### The Elaphite Islands

The Elaphite Islands or the Deer Islands consist of 13 larger and smaller islands. Only 3 of the islands are inhabited: Koločep, Lopud and Šipan. There are beautiful sandy beaches on the islands, Medieval churches and Renaissance-Gothic summer residences. Restaurant offer is very good.

### Mljet

The island of Mljet is often called a "green island" because of its lush vegetation. It is the largest island of the Dubrovnik Archipelago. It is also a National park.

### Trsteno

Trsteno is famous after its captains and seamen who used to bring plants from all over the world and had them planted in the today's botanic garden. Arboretum Trsteno is the oldest Renaissance park in Dalmatia, and today it is the only arboretum in the Mediterranean Croatia.

### Cavtat

Cavtat is the site of the ancient Greek settlement of Epidaurus, from which the original settlers of Dubrovnik migrated in the 7<sup>th</sup> century. Cavtat has a rich cultural heritage. It is the birthplace of Vlaho Bukovac, one of the greatest Croatian painters. The Rector's Palace contains a rich collection of Baltazar Bogišić. On top of a small hill overlooking the bay, there is the mausoleum of Račić family. The whole area offers excellent bathing possibilities.

### Horse-riding in Konavle

If you are more of an adventurous spirit, you can always go horse-riding in Radovčići, Konavle. It's a 30 minute ride from Dubrovnik.

### Ponny-riding in Medena Valley on Bosanka

This is a special attraction for children and it's only a 10 minute drive from the city centre. The children and the adults can enjoy the nature, walk or ride.

Recommend an excursion!

## Hotel offer

When describing a hotel you should give information on: official rating, location, size, facilities and services. Official rating is described by stars. The more stars the hotel has, the wider the range of facilities and the higher the quality of service.

**Facilities** are buildings or equipment provided for a special activity or purpose. These include:

indoor/ outdoor swimming pool – otvoreni / zatvoreni bazen  
solarium,sauna, spa, fitness centre – solarij, sauna, spa, fitness  
hairdresser's (beauty salons) - frizer (salon za uljepšavanje)  
tennis court – teren za tenis  
golf-course – teren za golf  
conference facilities – oprema za konferencije  
facilities for the disabled – oprema / sadržaji za osobe s invaliditetom  
restaurant – restoran  
shop - trgovina  
parking – parking  
exchange office – mjenjačnica  
internet access – pristup internet  
air-conditioning  
satellite TV  
etc.

Having a long tradition in hospitality industry, Dubrovnik offers a wide range of accommodation. Let me mention at least some of them.

### **The top (five-star / luxury) Dubrovnik hotels are:**

Radisson Blu Resort & Spa, Grand Villa Argentina, Villa Argentina, Villa Sheherezade, Hotel Bellevue, Hotel Dubrovnik Palace, Hotel Excelsior, Hotel Hilton Imperial Dubrovnik, Hotel Rixos Libertas, Hotel Kazbek, Hotel The Pucić Palace, etc.

### **Four –star hotels:**

Grand Hotel Park, Hotel Dubrovnik President, Hotel Lacroma, Hotel Lapad, Hotel Neptun, Hotel Uvala

### **Three- star hotels:**

Hotel Aquarius, Hotel Argosy, Hotel Berkeley, Hotel Kompas, Hotel Lero, Hotel Petka, etc

### **Describing location:**

situated in / located in – smješten(a) je, nalazi se  
near / close to – blizu  
centrally located / in the heart of / in the centre – u centru, u središtu  
it's a ten minute walk from – deset minuta pješice od  
it takes ten minutes to get to the centre – treba deset minuta za doći do centra  
opposite – preko puta  
between - između

Recommend a hotel!

## **Restaurant offer**

Croatian cuisine is regional – influenced by the cultures that have spread over the country in the course of its history.

In this region, the coastal region, the cuisine is typically Mediterranean, using a lot of olive oil, garlic, fish and herbs.

Tourist Information Centre publishes “Where to eat” – Dubrovnik’s finest dining guide which offers a complete resource to the city’s most recommended restaurants.

### **Nautika**

offers a delicious and innovative Mediterranean cuisine in a relaxing setting with a scenic view on the sea and the city walls. The chef recommends fresh seafood, scampi, shellfish, truffles, traditional meat and vegetarian dishes.

### **Fish Restaurant Proto**

offers most delicious sea food specialties which truly respect the authentic fishermen’s recipes. One of the “must tries” is their Adriatic salad, prepared with fresh scampi, avocado, melon and pistachio. It is a perfect entre’ for the stuffed gratinated lobster served with rice, truffles and mushrooms.

### **Dubravka**

located near popular sites, it has the most beautiful view. It offers outside seating, live music, local food and good pastries.

### **Konavoski dvori**

The restaurant is located in an ancient mill by the rumbling river Ljuta in Konavle (35 km from Dubrovnik). The restaurant offers excellent smoked ham, cheese kept in oil, lamb and veal baked under the iron bell, home baked bread, grilled trout and other specialties. Dishes are prepared in the same traditional way as our grandmothers used to prepare them and the waiters are dressed in regional costumes.

### **Gverović Orsan**

located in Štikovica, some 10 km to the west of Dubrovnik, offers typical Dalmatian (Mediterranean) cuisine and ambience.

### **Domino**

Steak house, located in the heart of the Old Town offers a rich international menu.

### **Dafne**

offers east Mediterranean cuisine. It is situated on the terrace of The Pucić Palace Hotel. It offers unique food and ambience. Recommendation goes for their amazing wine bar as well.

### **Leut**

Leut in the old town of Cavtat faithfully follows the well-trying combination of authentic delicacies, beautiful ambience and friendly service.

....

Recommend a restaurant of your own choice!

## **Entertainment and night life**

### **Trubadur** Hard Jazz Café (old town, Dubrovnik)

A well-known Dubrovnik Café, the Trubadur offers al fresco seating and live jazz performances by talented local artists. If you are looking to get your jazz on, look no further.

### **Galerie** (old town, Dubrovnik)

Very popular with locals. Every Monday + Tuesday + Friday you can enjoy live music and assortment of cocktail buckets.... yes, this is the bucket bar you may have heard about. Parties start @ 9PM.

### **Sky Bar** (old town, Dubrovnik)

This place is new... and big.... Sky Bar offers a well-priced drink menu. The vibe is lounge. It's a good place to kick back with a few cocktails.

### **Irish Pubs** (old town, Dubrovnik)

If you fancy a Guinness, there are a few Irish pubs in the old town. Irish Pub Karaka is the oldest and perhaps showing it. Next door, you'll find the Gaffe Pub. Katie O'Connor's Irish Pub is also a popular joint. Set in a lovely stone cellar and a great place to grab a drink or three. Good atmosphere and a friendly staff.

### **Mala Buza** (old town, Dubrovnik)

A hole in the wall (literally) opens up to one of the most unique drinking settings in Dubrovnik. Less touristy than 'Cold Beer / 'Buza', Mala Buza is a fantastic place to sun, drink, swim, drink, talk to eccentric locals, drink, swim, drink, well, you get the idea. Highly recommended.

### **Hemingway Cocktail Lounge** (old town, Dubrovnik)

Here's a good place to combine two pastimes: drinking and people watching. It is no longer called Hemingway's but ask any local where it is and they will tell you. Old names don't die fast in Dubrovnik.

### **Gil's cuisine & pop lounge** (old town, Dubrovnik)

Boasting a world-class wine cellar & al fresco pop lounge, Gil's has helped reinvent Dubrovnik nightlife. If money isn't an issue, there are numerous ways to prove it.

### **Latino Club Fuego** (old town, Dubrovnik)

Latino Club Fuego is one of the only places for the late night crowd (after 2am) that is consistently busy.

### **Eastwest Beach Club** (old town, Dubrovnik)

Superbly located right on the beach just outside the old town, Eastwest Beach club attracts those who want to see and be seen.

### **Lazareti** (old town, Dubrovnik)

Lazareti is another late night dance spot. If you are tired of pop and eurocrap, look out for posters around town advertising international and local djs spinning techno and electronica.

### **Golden Sun Casino** (Dubrovnik)

Newly opened in spring 2008, this casino located in the recently renovated hotel Libertas promises to raise the stakes for gambling establishments in Croatia. Texas hold'em, Caribbean poker, American roulette, black jack, punto banco, slot machines, and other innovative ways to spend an evening if not your food and lodging budget.